

Enhancement of the Pockels effect by slow light in lithium niobate photonic crystals: 3-D simulation

M. Roussey^a, M.-P. Bernal^{a*}, G.W. Burr^{ab} and F. I. Baida^a

^aInstitut FEMTO-ST, Département d'Optique,
Université de Franche-Comté, 16 route de Gray, 25000 Besançon, France.

^bPermanent address: IBM Almaden Research Center, D2/K13E,
650 Harry Road, San Jose, California 95120, USA

*maria-pilar.bernal@univ-fcomte.fr

It is now commonly known that photonic crystals can enhance the non-linear and other phenomena of the material in which they are made [1, 2]. Lithium niobate is a particularly intriguing material for this, since the capabilities of the bulk material are already significant. We have been studying a structure composed of 15×15 holes arranged in a square lattice fabricated by Focused Ion Beam (FIB) milling in an Annealed Proton Exchange (APE) lithium niobate waveguide. Two titanium electrodes have been deposited on each side of the structure along the propagation direction.

We have previously shown experimentally that the stop band of this structure can be shifted by 200nm with a voltage of 80V [3]. This phenomenon is due to an electro-optic effect that is induced by the presence of the nanostructure, and that is 300 times larger than in the bulk material. Using 2-D Finite Difference Time Domain (FDTD) simulations, we have shown that the slow light at the edges of the stop band is responsible for this enhancement, and we have been able to derive a theoretical enhancement that matches with our experimental results [4].

However, the depth of the holes is only around 2μm and the core of the APE waveguide mode is 1.4μm below the surface. Moreover, due to the FIB milling, the holes have a conical shape. Here we will present full 3-D FDTD simulations to study the interaction between the optical guided mode and the holes of the nanostructure in order to optimize the tunable photonic crystal device.

- [1] P. Delaye, M. Astic, R. Frey, and G. Roosen, *J. Opt. Soc. Am. A*, **22** 2494 (2005).
- [2] M. Soljačić, and J.D. Joannopoulos, *Nature*, **3** 211–218 (2004).
- [3] M. Roussey, M.-P. Bernal, N. Courjal, R. Salut, D. Van Labeke, and F.I. Baida, *Appl. Phys. Lett.*, **89** 241110 (2006).
- [4] M. Roussey, F. I. Baida and M.-P. Bernal, *J. Opt. Soc. Am. B* (Accepted 2006).